

# CHAPTER

# 5

# Patterns and Relations

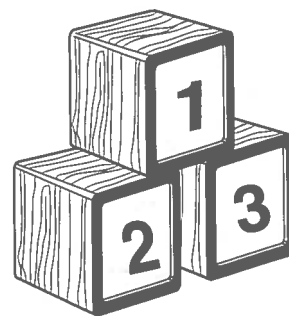
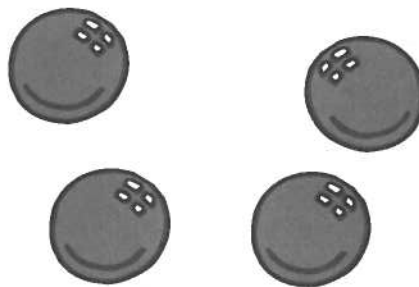
- 5.1 Variables and Expressions**
- 5.2 Developing and Working With Formulas**
- 5.3 Relations as Ordered Pairs**
- 5.4 Graphing Ordered Pairs**
- 5.5 Graphing on the Coordinate Plane**
- 5.6 Graphing Relations**

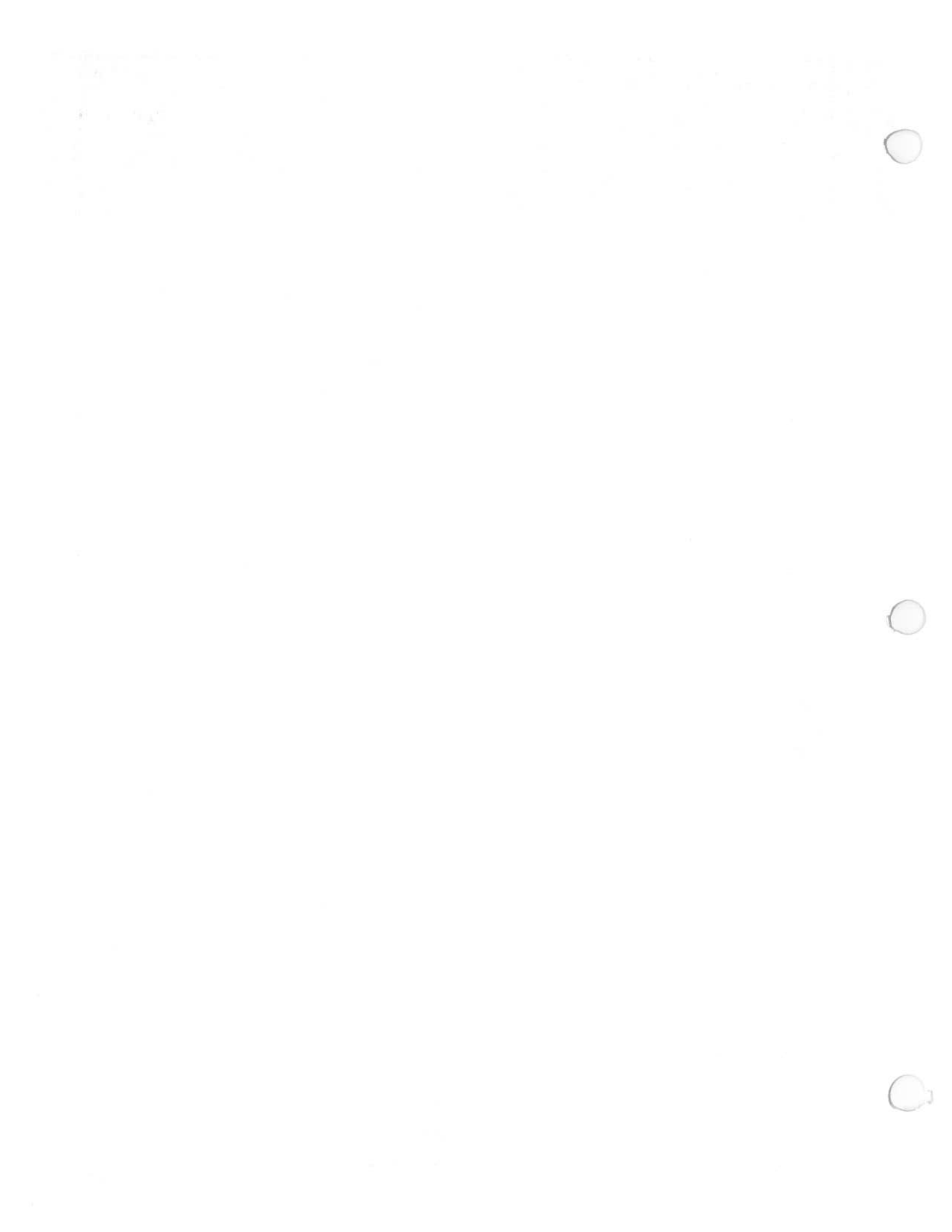
*Review*

*Chapter Check*

*Problem Solving: Using the Strategies*

**Answers CHAPTER 5 Patterns and Relations**





## Skill Builder

To complete the sentence below:

**First:** Multiply.

**Second:** Find each answer in the code below. Place the letter of the problem in the space above the answer.



Y:  $3 \times 4 \times 2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      N:  $5 \times 2 \times 5 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

K:  $2 \times 5 \times 4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      E:  $3 \times 3 \times 4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      O:  $6 \times 0 \times 7 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

L:  $8 \times 7 \times 1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      S:  $2 \times 2 \times 2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      B:  $7 \times 1 \times 2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

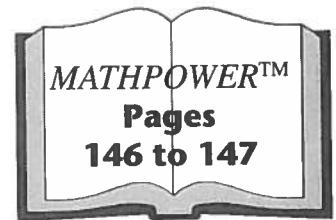
H:  $3 \times 3 \times 3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      T:  $1 \times 1 \times 1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      P:  $2 \times 5 \times 2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

A \_\_\_\_\_ who always tells lies is  
8      40      36      56      36      1      0      50  
called a \_\_\_\_\_  
14      0      50      24      20      27      0      50      24

## GETTING STARTED



Work together with your classmates, using your *MATHPOWER*<sup>TM</sup> student text, pages 146 and 147.



## Mental Math

1. State 6 multiples of each of the following numbers.

**Example:**

Six multiples of 3 are 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18.



a) 2 → \_\_\_\_\_

b) 5 → \_\_\_\_\_

c) 4 → \_\_\_\_\_

d) 7 → \_\_\_\_\_

e) 10 → \_\_\_\_\_

f) 6 → \_\_\_\_\_

Continues on  
next page. →

2. State all the factors of these numbers.

**Example:**

$$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ 1 \times 12 \\ 2 \times 6 \\ 3 \times 4 \end{array}$$

The factors of 12 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12.

a) 4

b) 6

c) 7

d) 8

e) \_\_\_\_\_  
10

f) \_\_\_\_\_  
20

g) \_\_\_\_\_  
16

h) \_\_\_\_\_  
13

3. Evaluate the powers.

**Example:**

$$\begin{aligned} 2^3 &= 2 \times 2 \times 2 \\ &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

a)  $3^2 = 3 \times 3$

= \_\_\_\_\_

b)  $4^2$

c)  $6^2$

d)  $3^3$

e)  $1^6$

f)  $10^3$

**Do Brackets first!**

4. Calculate.

a)  $2^2 \times 8$

= \_\_\_\_\_  $\times 8$

= \_\_\_\_\_

b)  $(5 - 2)^2$

= (\_\_\_\_\_)<sup>2</sup>

= \_\_\_\_\_

c)  $(2 \times 3) + 4$

= \_\_\_\_\_ + 4

= \_\_\_\_\_

d)  $(15 \div 3) + 2$

e)  $(4 + 2)^2$

f)  $2 \times (3 + 4)$

## Skill Builder

1. Calculate.

**Example:**  $38.9 \times 100 = 3890$

Move the decimal to the right.

a)  $56 \times 100 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      b)  $6.95 \times 10 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      c)  $6.9 \times 1000 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

2. Multiply.

**Example:**  $2982 \times 0.01 = 29.82$

Move the decimal to the left.

a)  $29\ 005 \times 0.001 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      b)  $75 \times 0.1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      c)  $8.22 \times 0.1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

3. Divide.

**Example:**  $4.8 \div 10 = 0.48$

Move the decimal to the left.

a)  $94 \div 10 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      b)  $48.2 \div 100 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      c)  $6.8 \div 10 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

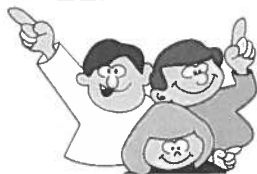
4. Divide.

**Example:**  $740 \div 0.1 = 7400$

Move the decimal to the right.

a)  $740 \div 0.01 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      b)  $0.81 \div 0.1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      c)  $63.2 \div 0.1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

## LEARNING TOGETHER Finding Patterns



Work together with your classmates, using your *MATHPOWER*<sup>TM</sup> student text, pages 148 and 149.

*MATHPOWER*<sup>TM</sup>  
Pages  
148 to 149

## Skill Builder

1. Evaluate.

*Do Brackets first!*

a)  $(4 \times 5) - 1$       b)  $7 + (4 \times 3)$       c)  $9 \times (8 - 5)$       d)  $3(4 - 2)$   
= \_\_\_\_\_ - 1      = 7 + \_\_\_\_\_  
= \_\_\_\_\_      = \_\_\_\_\_

2. Write each fraction in lowest terms.

a)  $\frac{2}{10} = \frac{2 \div 2}{10 \div 2}$       b)  $\frac{8}{16}$       c)  $\frac{75}{100}$       d)  $\frac{90}{100}$   
=  $\frac{1}{\square}$

# 5.1 Variables and Expressions

## Practice

1. Complete the table.

Written Expression	Algebraic Expression
a) the length plus seven	$l + \square$
b) three times the height	
c) three times the height plus three	
d) two times the height plus four times the width	$\square h + \square w$
e) five times the number of dogs minus two times the number of cats	
f)	$2h$
g)	$2h + 4$
h)	$3w - 6$
i)	$2l + 3w$
j)	$x + 4$

2. Evaluate.

a)  $x + 4, x = 2$

$$x + 4$$

$$= \square + 4 \quad \text{Substitute}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \text{Calculate}$$

b)  $4y, y = 3$

c)  $t - 1, t = 7$

d)  $8 - w, w = 2$

e)  $4m + 2, m = 3$

f)  $6t - 2, t = 5$

$$4m + 2$$

$$= (4 \times 3) + 2 \quad \text{Substitute}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + 2 \quad \text{Multiply}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \text{Calculate}$$

g)  $9 - 2x, x = 4$

h)  $8 + 6r, r = 7$

i)  $12 - 3y, y = 4$

$$9 - 2x$$

$$= 9 - 2(4)$$

$$= 9 - \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

3. Evaluate  $4x$  for each of the following.

a)  $x = 3$

$$4x$$

$$= 4(3) \quad \text{Substitute}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \text{Multiply}$$

b)  $x = 7$

$$4x$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

c)  $x = 2$

d)  $x = 0$

4. Evaluate  $4y + 2$  for each value of  $y$ .

a)  $y = 1$

$$4y + 2$$

$$= 4(1) + 2 \quad \text{Substitute}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \quad \text{Multiply}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \text{Add}$$

b)  $y = 6$

c)  $y = 3$

5. Evaluate for  $x = 2$ .

a)  $3x$

$$= 3(2)$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{2cm}}$$

b)  $4x + 7$

$$= 4(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + 7$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 7$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{2cm}}$$

c)  $10 - 4x$

d)  $x^2$

$$= 2^2$$

$$= 2 \times 2$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{2cm}}$$

e)  $x^2 - 1$

f)  $2(x + 1)$

$$= 2(\boxed{\hspace{1cm}} + 1) \quad \text{Do Brackets first!}$$

$$= 2(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) \quad \text{Multiply}$$

$$= \boxed{\hspace{2cm}}$$

6. Evaluate for  $y = 3$ .

a)  $4y$

b)  $8 - y$

c)  $10 - 3y$

d)  $4 + y^2$

e)  $y^2 - 2$

f)  $2(y - 2)$

7. Evaluate for  $x = 1$  and  $y = 4$ .

a)  $x + y$

b)  $2x + y$

c)  $4x + y + 3$

8. Evaluate for  $x = 3.2$  and  $y = 1.4$ .

a)  $x + y$

b)  $x - y$

c)  $x + 2y$



9. Evaluate.

a)  $2x$ ,  $x = -2$

b)  $5n$ ,  $n = -1$

c)  $y + 6$ ,  $y = -3$

### Problems and Applications

10. The points total of an NHL team is given by the expression

$$2w + t.$$

$w$  = number of wins

$t$  = number of ties

Complete the table to find the points totals.

Team	Wins ( $w$ )	Ties ( $t$ )	Points ( $2w + t$ )
Calgary	43	11	
Edmonton	26	8	
Montréal	48	6	
Ottawa	10	4	

Show your work below!

#### Rough Work:

Calgary:

$$2w + t$$

$$= (2 \times 43) + 11$$

Substitute

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + 11$$

Calculate

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Montréal:

Edmonton:

Ottawa:





11. The total cost of a banquet, in dollars, is calculated using the expression

$$22n.$$

$n =$  number of people

What is the cost for 37 people?

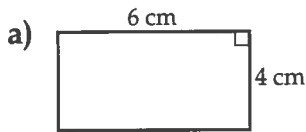


Sentence: \_\_\_\_\_

### Skill Builder

1. Find the area and perimeter of each rectangle.

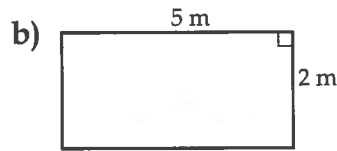
Substitute into the formulas.



length 6 cm, width 4 cm

$$\begin{aligned} A &= l \times w \\ &= 6 \times 4 \\ &= \text{_____ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 2(l + w) \\ &= 2(\text{_____} + \text{_____}) \\ &= 2 \times \text{_____} \\ &= \text{_____ cm} \end{aligned}$$



length 5 m, width 2 m

$$A = l \times w \qquad P = 2(l + w)$$

2. Multiply.

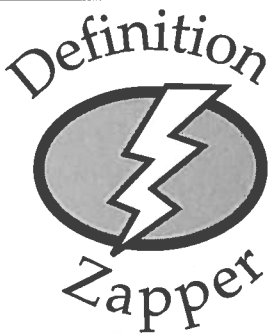
Move the decimal to the left.

- a)  $3045 \times 0.01 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      b)  $26 \times 0.001 =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 c)  $56\,265 \times 0.1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      d)  $47\,762 \times 0.001 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

3. Divide.

Move the decimal to the right.

- a)  $718 \div 0.01 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      b)  $1099 \div 0.1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 c)  $67 \div 0.01 =$  \_\_\_\_\_      d)  $93 \div 0.001 =$  \_\_\_\_\_



Write the definition of a variable.



Give an example of a variable.

## 5.2 Developing and Working With Formulas

### Practice

1. Complete the table. State a rule for each pattern.

a)

<i>x</i>	1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>y</i>	4	8	12			

Rule:  $y = \square x$

b)

<i>s</i>	1	3	5	7	9	11
<i>t</i>	6	8	10			

Rule:  $t =$  \_\_\_\_\_

2. Complete the table. Write a formula for each pattern.

a)

Hours ( <i>h</i> )	1	2	3	4	5	6
Wages ( <i>w</i> )	9	18	27			

Rule:  $w =$  \_\_\_\_\_

b)

Number of tickets ( <i>n</i> )	2	4	6	8	10	12
Cost ( <i>c</i> )	12	24	36			

Rule: \_\_\_\_\_

3. The formula for the area of a rectangle is  $A = l \times w$ .

a) Find  $A$ , when  $l = 9$  m and  $w = 3$  m.

$A = l \times w$  Formula

$A = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}$  Substitute

$A = \underline{\quad} \text{ m}^2$  Calculate

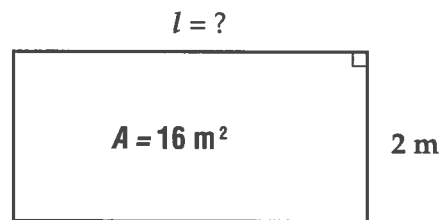
b) Find  $A$ , when  $l = 6$  m and  $w = 5$  m.

c) Find  $l$ , when  $A = 16 \text{ m}^2$  and  $w = 2$  m.

Formula

Substitute

Calculate



4. The formula for the perimeter of a rectangle is  $P = 2(l + w)$ .

a) Find  $P$  when  $l = 5$  m and  $w = 2$  m.

$P = 2(l + w)$  Formula

$P = 2(\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})$  Substitute




$P = 2 \times \underline{\quad}$  Calculate

$P = \underline{\quad}$

b) Find  $P$  when  $l = 6$  m and  $w = 4$  m.

## Problems and Applications

5. a) Complete the table. Each small triangle has a side length of 1 unit.

Number of Triangles ( $n$ )	Figure	Perimeter ( $P$ )
1		3
2		4
3		5
4		
5		
6		

Perimeter is the distance around a figure.



b) Write a formula for the perimeter.

Note:

$n$  = number of triangles

$$P = n + \square$$

c) What is the perimeter of the figure made from 30 triangles?

Use the formula from b).

Substitute

Calculate

Sentence: \_\_\_\_\_

### Skill Builder

1. Complete the tables.

a)

$x$	$y$
7	10
5	8
3	6
1	
-1	
-3	
-5	-2

b)

$x$	$y$
-4	-3
-5	-4
-6	-5
-7	

b)

$x$	$y$
6	10
5	9
4	8
3	
1	

Continues on next page. →

2. a) Solve each problem.

b) Connect the dots with the correct answers in the same order as the problems are lettered.

Start: +7 ●

A.  $9 + (-2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

B.  $4 + (-1) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

C.  $-8 + (-3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

D.  $-7 + (+4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

E.  $-3 - 1$

$= (-3) + (- \quad )$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

F.  $5 - (-2)$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Use a ruler!

-3 ●

● -11

3 ●

● -4

Write an addition sentence.

## 5.3 Relations as Ordered Pairs

### Practice

1. For each of the following equations,

- i) write each relation in words,
- ii) complete the table of values, and
- iii) write the ordered pairs.

a)  $x + y = 6$

$x$	$y$
3	3
2	
1	
0	
-1	

i) Written sentence:

The sum of  $x$  and  $y$  is  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

ii) Find the value of  $y$ .

$x + y = 6$

$3 + \square = 6$

Substitute  $x = 3$

$2 + \square = 6$

Substitute  $x = 2$

$1 + \square = 6$

$0 + \square = 6$

$-1 + \square = 6$

iii) The ordered pairs are  $(3, 3)$ ,  $(2, \square)$ ,  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ ,  
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ , and  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

b)  $x + y = 2$

$x$	$y$
2	
1	
0	
-1	
-2	

i) Written sentence: \_\_\_\_\_

ii) Find the value of  $y$ .

$$x + y = 2$$

$$2 + \square = 2$$

$$1 + \square = 2$$

iii) The ordered pairs are \_\_\_\_\_

c)  $x - y = 2$

$x$	$y$
6	
5	
4	
3	
2	

i) \_\_\_\_\_

ii) Find the value of  $y$ .

iii) \_\_\_\_\_

2. Use the equation  $x + y = 9$  to find the missing value in each ordered pair.

Ordered pair  $\rightarrow (x, y)$

a)  $(3, \square)$

b)  $(7, \square)$

c)  $(4, \square)$

d)  $(-1, \square)$

Think:  $x + y = 9$   
 $3 + \square = 9$

$x + y = 9$   
 $7 + \square = 9$

e)  $(\square, 2)$

f)  $(\square, 6)$

g)  $(\square, 1)$

h)  $(\square, -2)$

Think:  $x + y = 9$   
 $\square + 2 = 9$

3. For each of the following equations,

- i) write each relation in words,
- ii) complete the table of values, and
- iii) write the ordered pairs.

a)  $y = x + 3$

$x$	$y$
2	
1	
0	
-1	
-2	

i) Written in words:

The  $y$ -value is equal to the  $x$ -value plus \_\_\_\_\_.

ii) Find the value of  $y$ .

$y = x + 3$

$y = \boxed{2} + 3$

Substitute  $x = 2$ .

$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$y = \boxed{\phantom{0}} + 3$

Substitute  $x = 1$ .

$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

iii) The ordered pairs are  $(2, \boxed{\phantom{0}})$ , \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_.

b)  $y = x - 1$

$x$	$y$
3	
2	
1	
0	
-1	

i) Written in words: \_\_\_\_\_

ii) Find the value of  $y$ .

iii) The ordered pairs are \_\_\_\_\_

4. For the equation  $y = x + 2$ , find the missing value in each ordered pair.

Substitute

a)  $(2, \boxed{\phantom{0}})$

b)  $(3, \boxed{\phantom{0}})$

c)  $(-1, \boxed{\phantom{0}})$

d)  $(\boxed{\phantom{0}}, 2)$

Think:  $y = x + 2$   
 $y = 2 + 2$

$y = \boxed{\phantom{0}}$

5. Complete the table of values and write the ordered pairs for each relation.

a)  $y + x = 5$

x	y
4	
3	
2	
1	
0	
-1	

*Rough Work:*

$\square + 4 = 5$

The ordered pairs are (4, \_\_\_\_\_), \_\_\_\_\_

b)  $y = x - 3$

*Hint:*  
Put in your own values of x.

x	y
7	
6	

*Rough Work:*

### Problems and Applications

6. Write an equation for each relation.

a)

x	y
1	6
2	5
3	4
4	3
5	2

$x + y = \square$

b)

x	y
8	4
7	3
6	2
5	1
4	0

$y = x - \square$

c)

x	y
4	5
3	4
2	3
1	2
0	1

\_\_\_\_\_

d)

x	y
6	4
5	3
4	2
3	1
2	0

\_\_\_\_\_

7. The pronghorn can run at about 15 m/s for a short period of time.

a) Complete the table to find the distances a pronghorn can cover in different lengths of time.



Time (s)	Distance (m)
1	15
2	30
3	
4	
5	

b) Describe the relation in words.

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c) Write the results from the table as ordered pairs.

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d) Complete the equation for the relation.

$$d = \boxed{\phantom{00}} \times t$$

← distance
time →

e) Use the above equation to find the distance,  $d$ , a pronghorn can run in 12 s.

$$d = \boxed{\phantom{00}} \times t$$

$$= \boxed{\phantom{00}} \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{Substitute} \\ t = 12 \end{array}$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

f) Use the equation to find the distance a pronghorn can run in 50 s.

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g) What distance can a pronghorn run in 2 min?

$$1 \text{ min} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ s}$$

Remember  $t$  must be in seconds.

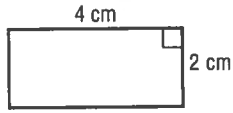
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## Skill Builder

1. Calculate the area ( $A$ ) of each figure.

a) rectangle with  $l = 4$  cm,  $w = 2$  cm



$$A = l \times w$$

Formula

$$A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

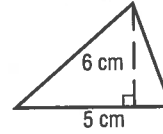
Substitute

$$A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Calculate

Substitute into the formula.

b) triangle with  $b = 5$  cm,  $h = 6$  cm



$$A = (b \times h) \div 2$$

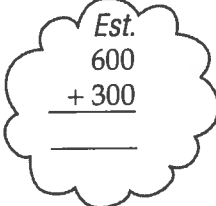
$$A = (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) \div 2$$

$$A = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div 2$$

$$A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

2. Estimate.

a)  $583 + 329$



b)  $102.9 + 49.99$



c)  $6132 - 3823$



d)  $21.21 - 9.45$



e)  $923 + 80$



f)  $4.59 - 3.001$



g)  $812 - 69.9$

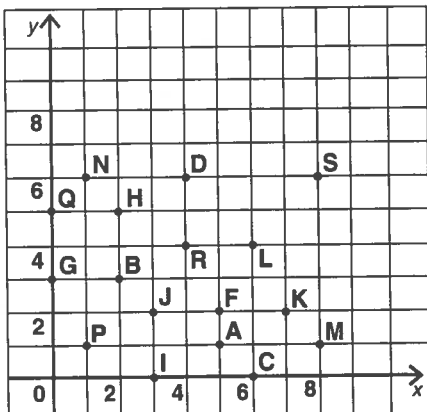


h)  $0.91 + 2.105$



## 5.4 Graphing Ordered Pairs Practice

1. State the coordinate of each point.



A(5, \_\_\_\_\_), B(\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_)

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_

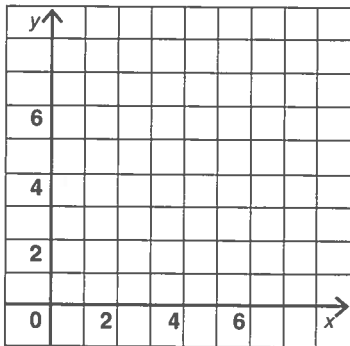
\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_

## Problems and Applications

2. For each of the following,
- plot the points,
  - join the points in the order given,
  - name the figure, and
  - find the area of the figure.

a)  $O(0, 0)$ ,  $D(0, 5)$ ,  $E(5, 5)$ ,  $F(5, 0)$

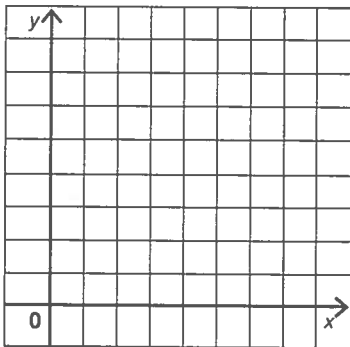


*Plot and join the points.*

Name of the figure: \_\_\_\_\_

Area of the figure: \_\_\_\_\_

b)  $P(1, 1)$ ,  $Q(1, 5)$ ,  $R(6, 5)$ ,  $S(6, 1)$

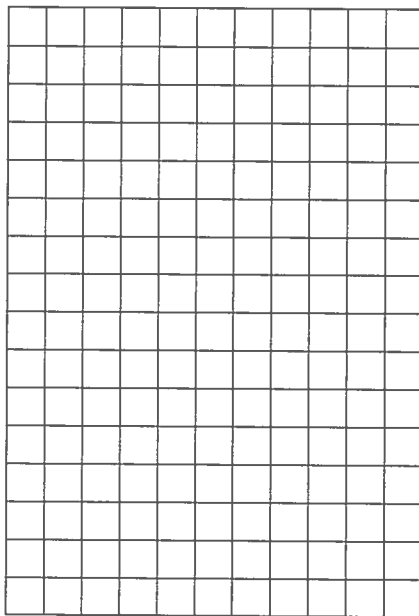


Name of the figure: \_\_\_\_\_

Area of the figure: \_\_\_\_\_

c)  $D(1, 1)$ ,  $E(7, 1)$ ,  $F(7, 5)$ ,  $G(1, 5)$

*Draw the x-axis  
and y-axis.  
Label the axes.  
Plot the points.  
Join the points.*

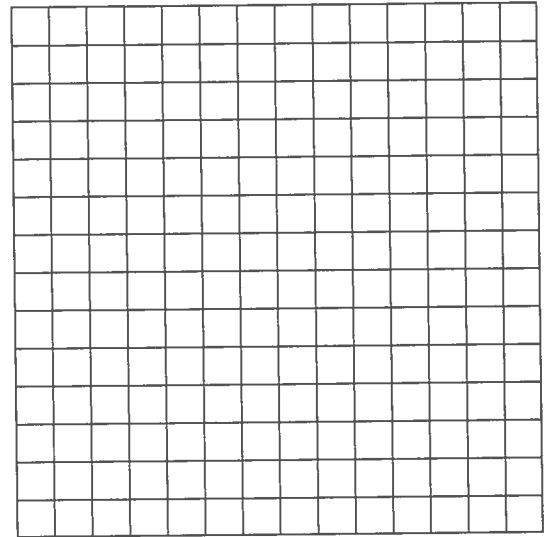


Name of the figure: \_\_\_\_\_

Area of the figure: \_\_\_\_\_

3. a) Plot the points  $P(3, 1)$ ,  $Q(3, 4)$ ,  $R(6, 7)$ ,  $S(9, 4)$  and  $T(9, 1)$  on the grid.

Join the points in the order given.



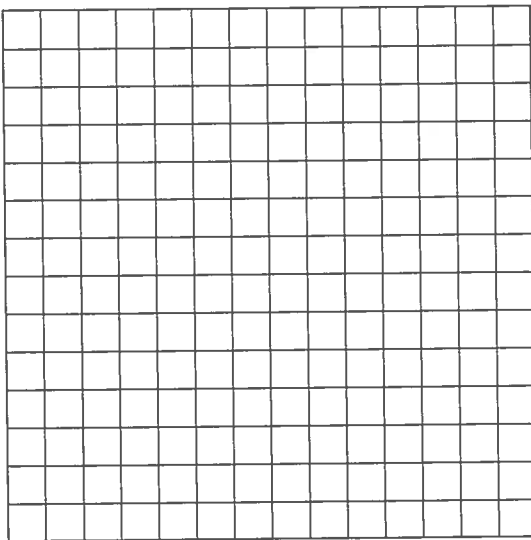
b) Name the figure.

---

---

4. Let's make a rectangle.

a) Plot the points  $D(8, 2)$ ,  $E(2, 2)$  and  $F(2, 5)$  on the grid.



b) Find the coordinates of  $G$  so that  $DEFG$  is a rectangle. Plot  $G$ .

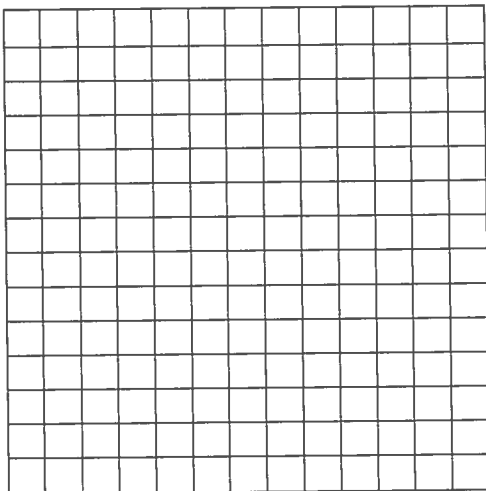
c) Calculate the **perimeter** of this rectangle.

---

d) Calculate the **area** of this rectangle.

---

### Skill Builder



1. a) Plot the points  $P(3, 1)$ ,  $Q(6, 4)$ , and  $R(9, 1)$  on the grid and join them.

b) Name the figure.

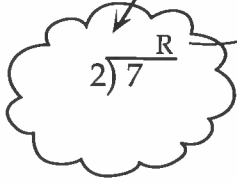
---

c) Calculate the area.

Continues on next page. →

2. Write as *mixed numbers* in lowest terms.

a)  $\frac{7}{2} = \square \frac{\square}{2}$



b)  $\frac{13}{5} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



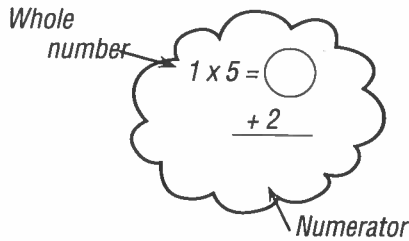
c)  $\frac{10}{6} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Reduce!

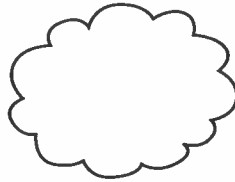


3. Write as an *improper fraction*.

a)  $1\frac{2}{5} = \frac{\square}{5}$



b)  $3\frac{1}{3} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

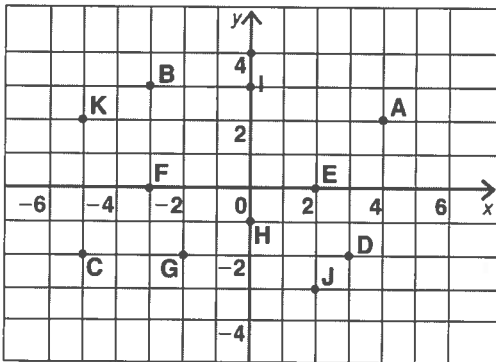


c)  $2\frac{3}{4} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



## 5.5 Graphing on the Coordinate Plane Practice

1. Write the coordinates for each point.



A(\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_), \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_

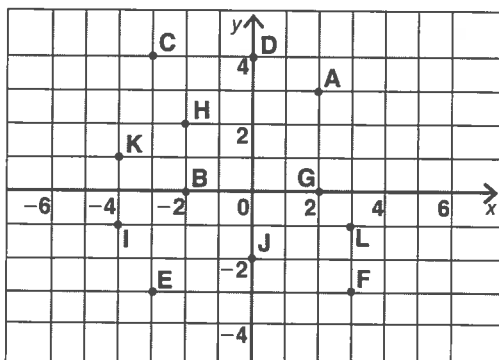
\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

2. Use the grid below to name the points given by these ordered pairs.



a)  $(2, 3) \rightarrow$  A      b)  $(-2, 2) \rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_

c)  $(-3, -3) \rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_      d)  $(3, -3) \rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_

e)  $(-4, -1) \rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_      f)  $(-3, 4) \rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_

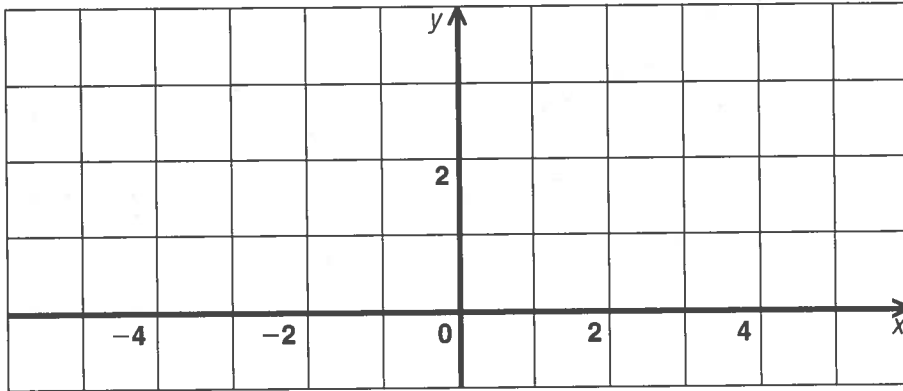
g)  $(2, 0) \rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_      h)  $(0, 4) \rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_

i)  $(-2, 0) \rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_      j)  $(0, -2) \rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_

k)  $(-4, 1) \rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_      l)  $(3, -1) \rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_

# Problems and Applications

3. Let's make a word!



**First:** Plot and label the following points.  
 A(-3, 0), B(-3, 1), C(-5, 0),  
 D(-5, 2), E(-3, 2), F(-4, 1),  
 G(-1, 2), H(1, 2), I(-1, 0),  
 M(1, 1), N(-1, 1), P(1, 0),  
 Q(2, 2), R(2, 0), S(5, 1), T(4, 0),  
 U(4, 2), V(3, 0), W(3, 2)

**Second:** a) To find the first letter, join

- A to B,
- A to C,
- D to C,
- D to E,
- and B to F.

b) To find the second letter, join

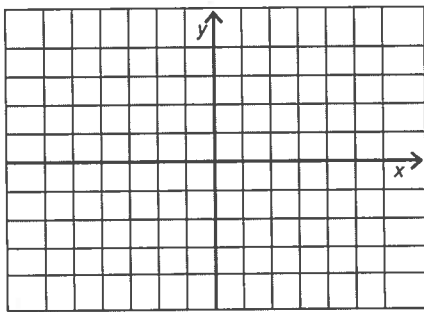
- G to H,
- G to I,
- M to H,
- M to N,
- and P to N.

c) To find the third letter, join Q to R.

d) To find the last letter, join

- S to T,
- S to U,
- V to W,
- V to T,
- and U to W.

4. Plot the points on a grid and join them in order.



a) A(-3, 0), B(-3, 3), C(0, 3), D(0, 0)

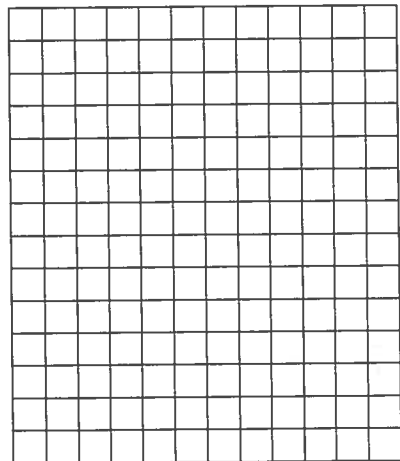
Name the figure.

Find the area.

b) E(-5, 5), F(-5, -5), G(1, -5), H(1, 5)

Name the figure.

Find the area.





Place the digits 2, 4, 6, and 8 in the boxes to make

- a) the greatest quotient.
- b) the smallest quotient.

Remainder must be 0.

Quotient →

a)  $\square \overline{) \square \square \square}$

b)  $\square \overline{) \square \square \square}$

### Skill Builder

1. Complete the table of values.

a)  $x + y = 8$

x	y
4	4
3	
2	
1	
0	

b)  $x - y = 1$

x	y
3	2
2	
1	
0	
-1	

2. Write each number in scientific notation.

a)  $56\,000 = 5.6 \times 10^{\square}$

b)  $785\,000 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

c)  $1500 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

d)  $3720 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

e)  $0.031 = \square \times 10^{-2}$

f)  $0.000\,21 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

g)  $0.06 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

h)  $0.000\,57 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

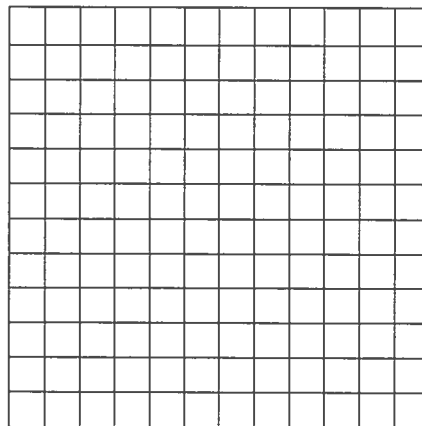
## 5.6 Graphing Relations

### Practice

1. Graph each relation and express it in words.

a)

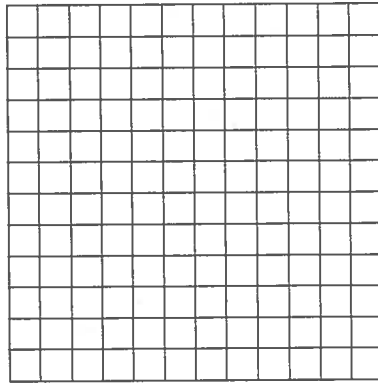
x	y
3	0
2	1
1	2
0	3
-1	4



Written expression:  
The sum of x and y is  $\square$ .

b)

$x$	$y$
5	4
3	2
1	0
-1	-2
-3	-4



Written expression:

---



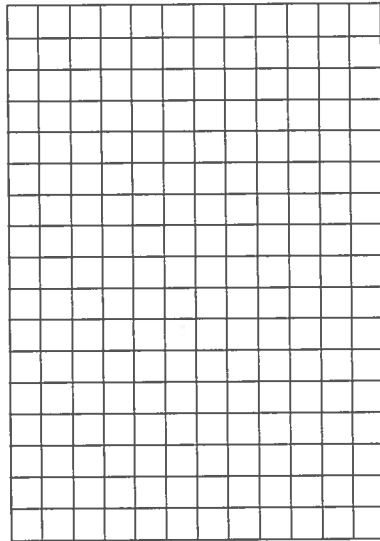
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c)

$x$	$y$
5	10
3	6
1	2
-1	-2
-3	-6



Written expression:

---



---



---

2. Find 5 ordered pairs that satisfy each relation.  
Draw each graph.

a)  $x + y = 7$

$x$	$y$
3	4
2	
1	

Ordered Pairs:  
(3, 4)

---



---

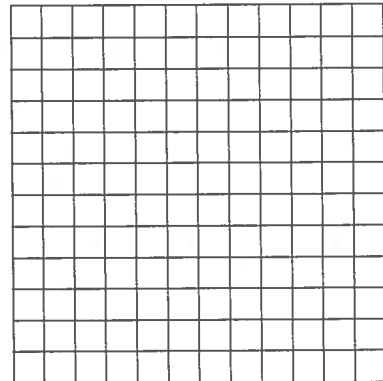


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---

Draw the graph.



b)  $x - y = 1$

$x$	$y$

Ordered Pairs:

---



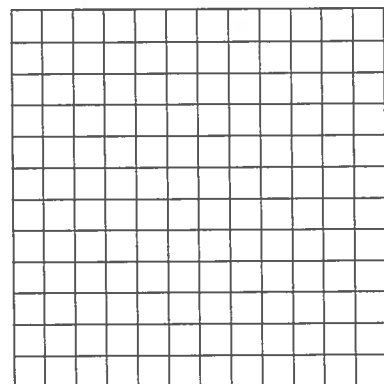
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c)  $y = x + 4$

$x$	$y$

Ordered Pairs:

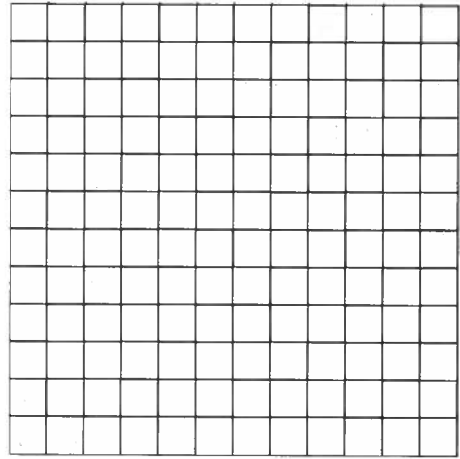
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



d)  $y = x - 2$

$x$	$y$

Ordered Pairs:

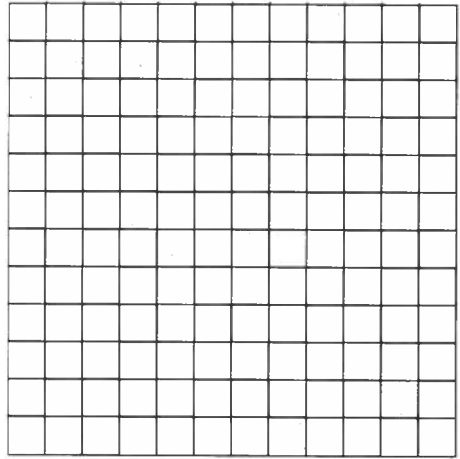
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



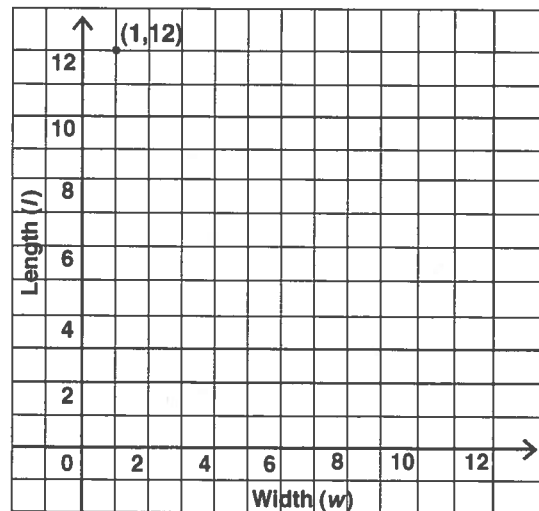
### Problems and Applications

3. The area of a rectangle is  $12 \text{ cm}^2$ .

a) Complete the table for the possible values of the length and width.

Width ( $w$ )	Length ( $l$ )	Ordered Pair ( $w, l$ )
1	12	(1, 12)
2	6	
3	4	
4		
6		
12		

b) Graph the relation and write the coordinates of each point on the grid.





# Review



1. Write these words as an algebraic expression.

**Example:**

the length plus seven  $\rightarrow l + 7$

- a) the amount minus seven  $\rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_
- b) three times the height  $\rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_
- c) four times the height plus three  $\rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_

2. Write each expression in words.

**Example:**

$6w + 3 \rightarrow$  six times the width plus three

- a)  $3w + 2 \rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_
- b)  $\frac{w}{3} \rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_
- c)  $5a + b \rightarrow$  \_\_\_\_\_

3. Evaluate for  $x = 6$ .

a)  $x - 5$

$= 6 - 5$

$=$  \_\_\_\_\_

Substitute

Calculate

b)  $\frac{x}{2}$

c)  $x^2$

d)  $x^2 - 2$

e)  $4x$

f)  $3x - 2$

4. Evaluate for  $x = 2$  and  $y = 1$ .

a)  $x + y$

$=$  \_\_\_\_\_  $+$  \_\_\_\_\_

$=$  \_\_\_\_\_




Substitute

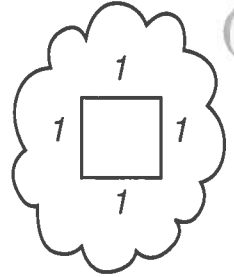
Calculate

b)  $x - y$

c)  $2x + y$

5. a) Complete the table. Each side of square is one unit in length.

Number of Squares ( $n$ )	Figure	Perimeter ( $P$ )
1		4
2		6
3		8
4		
5		
6		



b) Complete the formula for the perimeter.

$$P = 2n + \square$$

*n is the number of squares.*

c) Use this formula to find the perimeter of the figure made from 20 squares.

$$P = 2n + \square$$

*Formula*

*Substitute,  $n = 20$ .*

*Calculate*

6. Use the equation  $x + y = 5$ , to find the missing values in each ordered pair.

a)  $(1, \square)$

*Think:  $x + y = 5$*

$$1 + \square = 5$$

b)  $(5, \square)$

c)  $(\square, 2)$

d)  $(\square, 0)$

e)  $(-1, \square)$

f)  $(\square, -2)$

7. For each of the following equations,  
 i) write the relation in words,  
 ii) complete the table of values, and  
 iii) write the ordered pairs.

a)  $x + y = 8$

x	y
4	4
3	
2	
1	
0	

**Rough Work:**  
 $4 + 4 = 8$   
 $3 + \square = 8$

Written in words:

The sum of the x and y values is \_\_\_\_\_.

The ordered pairs are (4, 4), \_\_\_\_\_,  
 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_.

b)  $y = x + 5$

x	y
2	
1	
0	
-1	
-2	

**Rough Work:**  
 $y = 2 + 5$   
 $= \square$   
 $y = 1 + 5$   
 $= \square$

Written in words: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

The ordered pairs are \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

8. Write an equation for each relation.

a)

x	y
1	7
2	6
3	5
4	4
5	3

$x + y = \square$

b)

x	y
5	3
4	2
3	1
2	0
1	-1

$x - \square = \square$

c)

x	y
3	5
2	4
1	3
0	2
-1	1

\_\_\_\_\_

9. a) Complete the table for a car travelling at 70 km/h.

Time (h)	Distance (km)
1	70
2	
3	
4	

*Rough Work:*

$\begin{array}{r} 70 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 70 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$
_____	_____

b) How far would the car travel in 5 h?

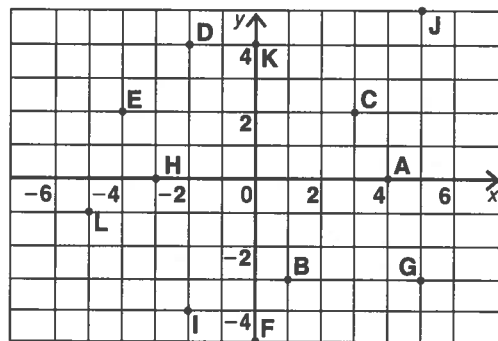
c) Write the results from the table as ordered pairs.

The ordered pairs are (1, 70), \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

d) Let  $t$  represent the time in hours. Complete the equation,  $D = \square \times t$ , to find the distance travelled in kilometres.

10. Name the points on the grid with the following coordinates.

- a) (4, 0) → A      b) (3, 2) → \_\_\_\_\_  
 c) (-4, 2) → \_\_\_\_\_      d) (5, -3) → \_\_\_\_\_  
 e) (-2, -4) → \_\_\_\_\_      f) (0, 4) → \_\_\_\_\_  
 g) (-3, 0) → \_\_\_\_\_      h) (5, 5) → \_\_\_\_\_  
 i) (-5, -1) → \_\_\_\_\_      j) (0, -5) → \_\_\_\_\_  
 k) (-2, 4) → \_\_\_\_\_      l) (1, -3) → \_\_\_\_\_



11. a) Plot each pair of points and then join them to form line segments.

A(-5, -3), B(5, 3). Join  $\overline{AB}$ .

D(-3, 4), E(4, -3). Join  $\overline{DE}$ .

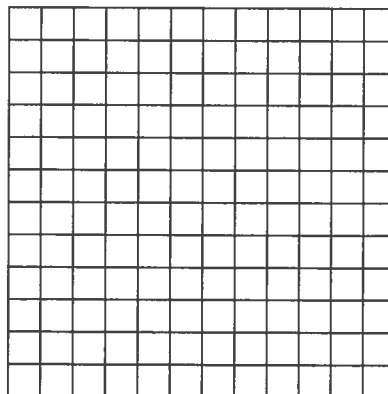
F(4, -1), G(-4, 1). Join  $\overline{FG}$ .

H(-2, 3), I(2, -3). Join  $\overline{HI}$ .

J(-5, 4), K(-4, 5). Join  $\overline{JK}$ .

L(-3, 3), M(3, -3). Join  $\overline{LM}$ .

b) Which line segments pass through (0, 0)?

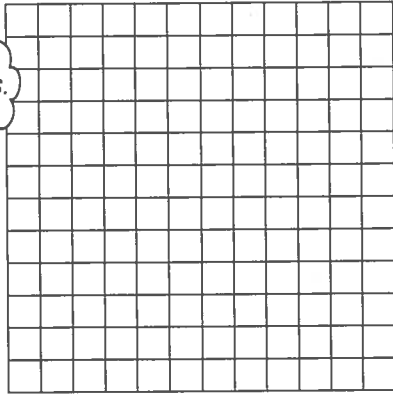


Draw the x and y axes.  
Label the axes.

12. Plot the points on a grid and join them in order.

a)  $P(1, 4)$ ,  $Q(1, -1)$ ,  $R(4, -1)$ ,  $S(4, 4)$

Draw and label the axes.



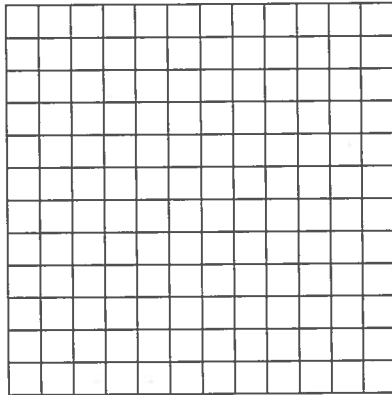
Name the figure.

\_\_\_\_\_

Find the area of the figure.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

b)  $A(-1, 1)$ ,  $B(-1, 4)$ ,  $C(-4, 4)$ ,  $D(-4, 1)$



Name the figure.

\_\_\_\_\_

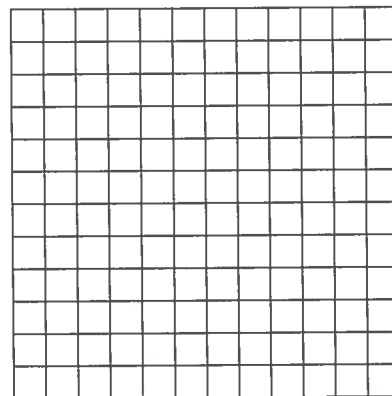
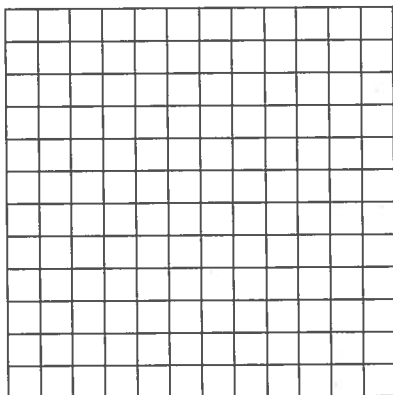
Find the area of the figure.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

13. Plot the points on a grid and join them in order. Name the figure.

a)  $D(0, -4)$ ,  $E(6, -4)$ ,  $F(4, -2)$ ,  $G(2, -2)$

b)  $I(-8, -5)$ ,  $J(-3, -5)$ ,  $K(-1, -2)$ ,  $L(-6, -2)$



Name the figure.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

14. For each of the following,
- complete the table of values for each relation,
  - write the ordered pairs, and
  - draw the graph.

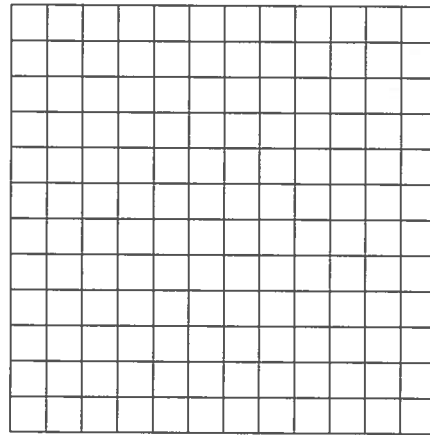
a)  $x + y = 7$

$x$	$y$
6	1
4	
2	
0	
-2	

**Rough Work:**

$6 + \square = 7$

$4 + \square = 7$



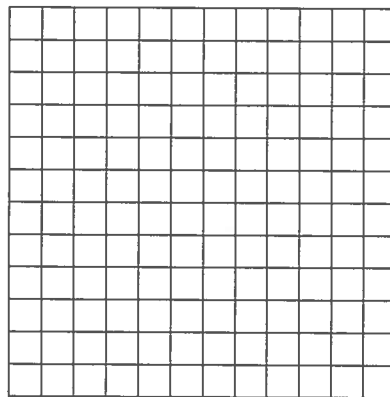
The ordered pairs are  $(6, 1)$ , \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

b)  $x - y = 2$

$x$	$y$
7	
5	
3	
1	
0	

**Rough Work:**

$7 - \square = 2$



**Ordered pairs!**

---

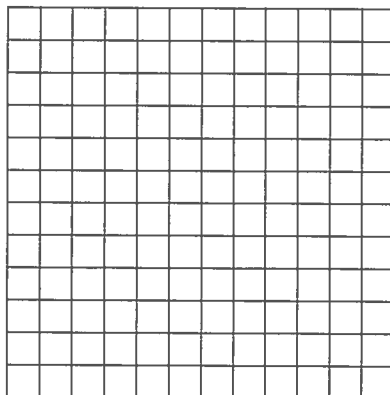
c)  $y = x + 3$

$x$	$y$
2	
1	
0	
-1	
-2	

**Rough Work:**

$y = 2 + 3$

$y = \square$

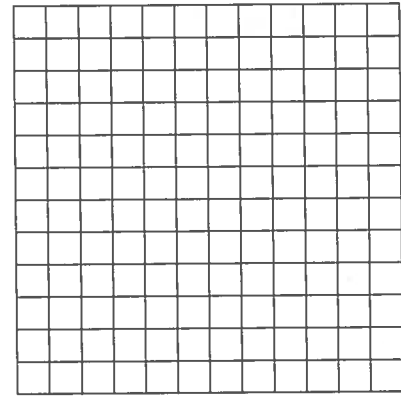


**Ordered pairs!**

---

d)  $y = x - 4$

x	y



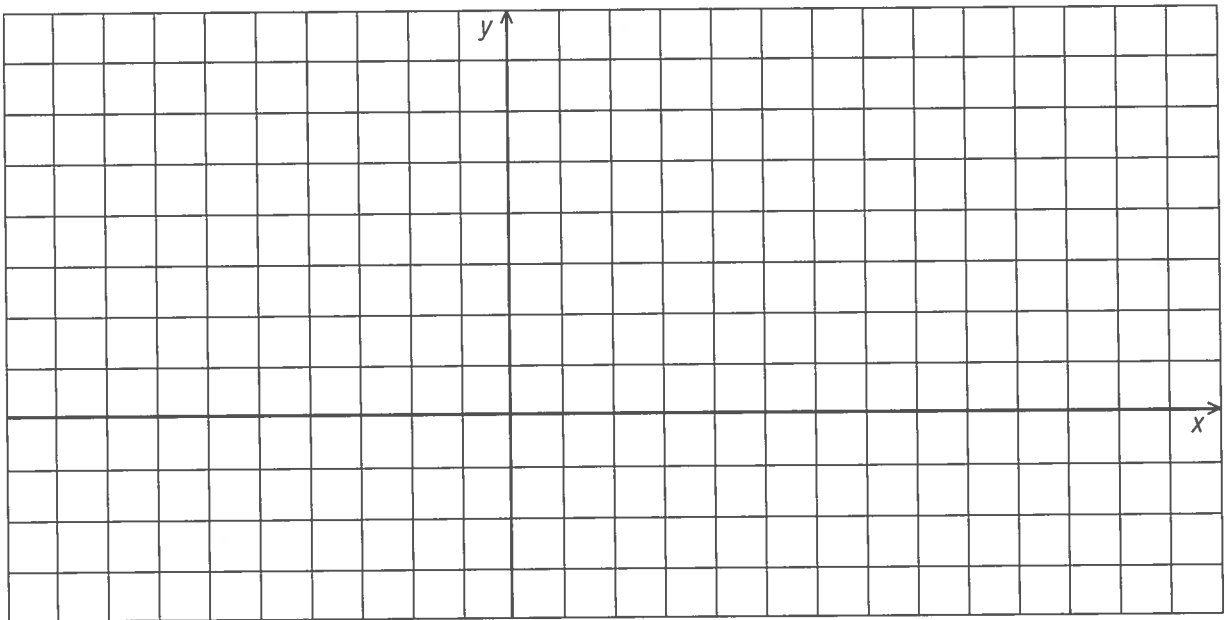
Ordered pairs!

## Math



Plot and label the following points.

- A(-5, 5), B(-8, 5), C(-8, 3), D(-5, 3), E(-5, 1), F(-8, 1),  
 G(-3, 1), H(-3, 5), I(-1, 3), J(1, 5), K(1, 1), L(3, 5),  
 M(3, 1), N(5, 1), P(7, 1), Q(5, 5), R(9, 5), S(12, 5),  
 T(9, 3), U(11, 3), V(9, 1), W(12, 1).



To find the hidden message, join each of the following:

- |           |           |           |            |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| a) A to B | b) B to C | c) C to D | d) D to E  |
| e) E to F | f) G to H | g) H to I | h) I to J  |
| i) J to K | j) L to M | k) Q to N | l) N to P  |
| m) R to S | n) R to V | o) T to U | p) V to W. |

# Chapter Check



1. Evaluate for  $x = 3$  and  $y = 5$ .

a)  $x + y$

Substitute  
Calculate

b)  $y - x$

c)  $3x - y$

d)  $2(x + y)$

Substitute  
Brackets! (Add)  
Multiply

2. The formula for the perimeter of a rectangle is

$$P = 2(l + w)$$

a) Find  $P$ , when  $l = 5$  m and  $w = 2$  m.

Formula

Substitute

Brackets

Multiply

b) Find  $P$ , when  $l = 10$  m and  $w = 4$  m.

3. In the diagrams, each small triangle has a side length of 1 unit.

a) Complete the table.

Number of triangles ( $n$ )	Diagram	Perimeter ( $P$ )
1		3
2		4
3		5
4		
5		
6		

b) Complete the formula for the perimeter in terms of the number of triangles.

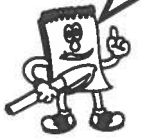
$$P = n + \square$$

Let  $n$  = number of triangles.

c) Use the formula to find the perimeter of the figure made with 10 triangles.

Formula  
Substitute  
Calculate

Show your work.



Sentence: \_\_\_\_\_



4. For each of the following equations,

i) write the relation in words,

iii) write the ordered pairs, and

ii) complete the table of values,

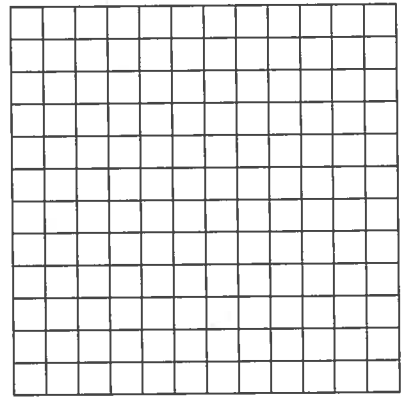
iv) draw the graph.

a)  $x + y = 6$

x	y
4	2
3	
2	
1	
0	

$x + y = 6$

**Rough Work:**  
 $4 + \square = 6$



Written in words: \_\_\_\_\_

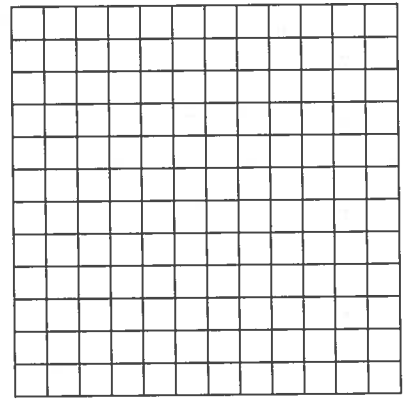
Ordered Pairs: \_\_\_\_\_

b)  $y = x + 5$

x	y
3	8
2	
1	
0	
-1	

$y = x + 5$

**Rough Work:**  
 $y = 3 + 5$   
 $= \square$



Written in words: \_\_\_\_\_

Ordered Pairs: \_\_\_\_\_

5. Complete the equation for each relation.

a)

x	y
1	4
2	3
3	2
4	1
5	0

$x + y = \square$

b)

x	y
3	5
2	4
1	3
0	2
-1	1

$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6. a) School T-shirts cost \$30 each.

Complete the table.

Number of T-shirts	Cost (\$)
1	30
2	
3	
4	

*Rough Work:*

$$\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- b) Describe the pattern in the cost column.
- 

- c) Complete the equation to find the cost.

$$C = \square \times n$$

Let  $n$  = number of T-shirts.

- d) Use your equation to find the cost of 10 T-shirts.

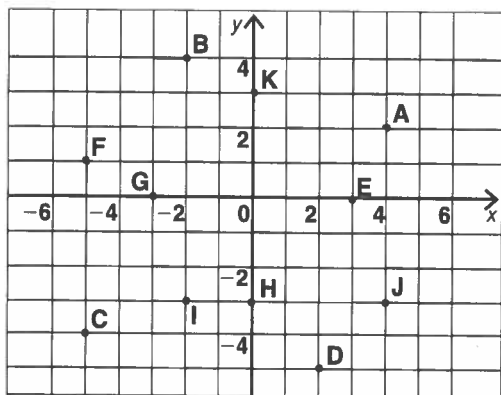
Formula

Substitute

Multiply

Sentence: \_\_\_\_\_

7. Write the **ordered pair** for each letter on the grid.



A(4, 2) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

8. a) Plot the points on the grid and **join** them in order.

A(-2, 1), B(-2, -1), C(4, -1), D(4, 1)

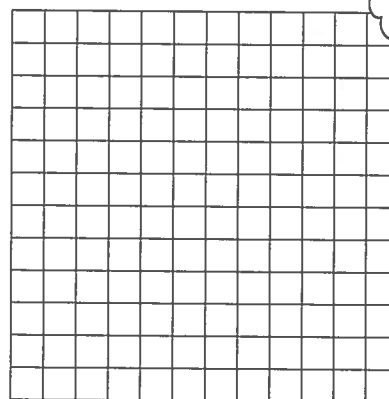
- b) Name the figure.

\_\_\_\_\_

- c) Find the area.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



Draw and label the axes.

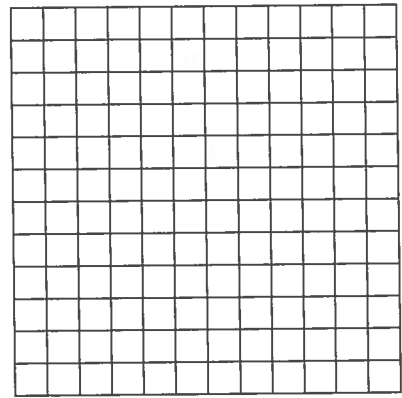
9. Find 5 ordered pairs for the relation. Complete the table and then, draw the graph.

$$x + y = 7$$

Find 5 ordered pairs.

$x$	$y$

Rough Work:



### Problem Solving: Using the Strategies



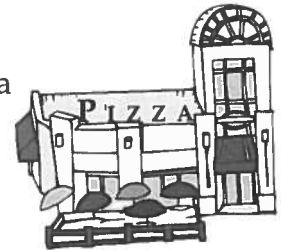
1. If you multiply a number by 2 and add 3, the result is 19. What is the number?

Number	Result of $(\text{Number} \times 2) + 3$	Does the result = 20?
4	$(4 \times 2) + 3 = \square$	Too low

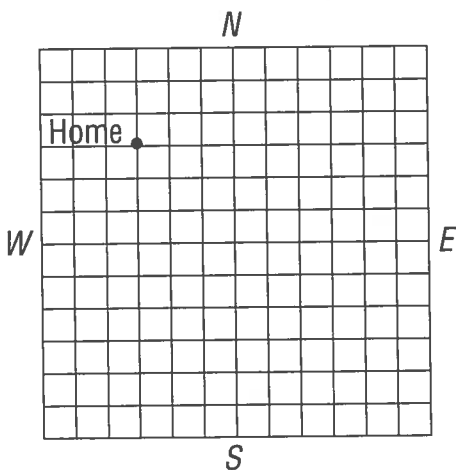
Guess and check!

2. At a pizza restaurant, there are only 3 different toppings — ham, mushrooms, and green peppers. How many different kinds of pizza can be made using these toppings?

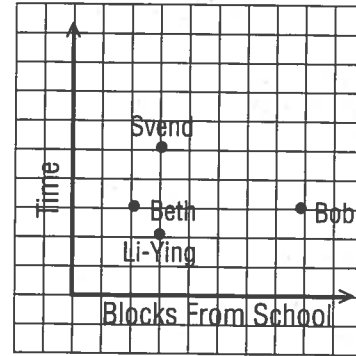
List them.



3. Rosalyn went for a walk. From her home, she walked 2 blocks east, 3 blocks south, 1 block west, and 1 block north. What is the shortest way she could take to get home?



4. The graph shows
- the number of blocks from the school to the homes of 4 students
- and
- the time it takes for the students to get to school.
    - Who lives closest to school?
    - Who has the farthest to go to school?
    - Which students live the same distance from school?



5. Use each of the digits 1, 2, 3, and 4 only once to make the smallest possible sum.

$$\square \square + \square \square = ?$$

## DATA BANK

Use the Data Bank on page 365 of your **MATHPOWER™** student text.

1. a) Write as a ratio the height of Della Falls to the height of Virginia Falls.

$$\square : \square$$

- b) Change the ratio to a fraction and reduce.

2. Which provinces have the greatest percent of Canada's fresh water?

Math



Complete each **magic square** so that the sum of each column, row, and diagonal is the same.

a)

4		
	5	7
		6

b)

	1	
	5	
4	9	

c)

8		4
6	10	
16		

Adds to 15.

Adds to .

Adds to .